

Introduction to ORCAN

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ORCAN Workshop, 26. April 2005



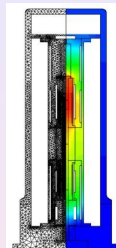
Outline

- 1 Open Reflective Component Architecture
 - Motivation
 - ORCAN Overview
 - ORCAN Design

Software for Simulation of Crystal Growth

Crystal Growth Laboratory

- Development of simulation software since years.
- CrysVUn, STHAMAS/-3D licensed to industry.
- 2D or axisymmetric complex geometries.
- User friendly interface.



Research Project (CrysVUn3D)

- Fully 3D simulation in complex geometries.
- Focus on realistic modelling of thermal radiation.
- Completely new development of simulation software.

Why ORCAN?

Example (Thermal Radiation)

- Geometry import and management.
- Mesh generation and management.
- Heat conduction simulation.
- Linear equation system solver.
- Coupling between (different) meshes.
- Visualization.
- Graphical user interface.
- Parallelization.

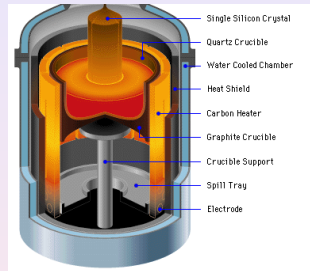


Figure: Czochralski furnace.

Drawback

A good deal of the time must be spend in preparation for the real task.

Why ORCAN?

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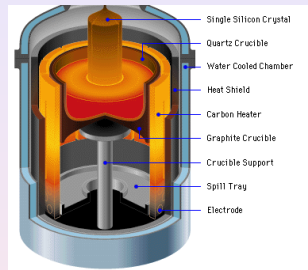


Figure: Czochralski furnace.

Drawback

A good deal of the time must be spend in preparation for the real task.

Why ORCAN?

Example (Large-Scale Software)

- Not all can be developed anew.
- Reuse of existing software packages.
- Integration of a specific product is critical.
- Highly interwoven application modules.
- Increasing efforts on modifications.
- Replacements more and more expensive.

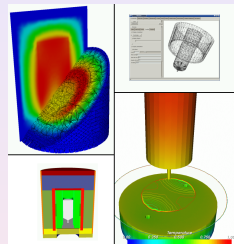


Figure: CrysVUn3D.

Drawback

Large application may fail if they reach a specific level of complexity.

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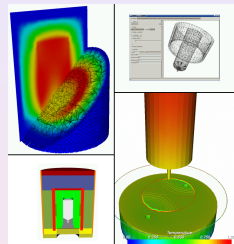


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Drawback

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Goals

We are looking for a framework which

- allows the decomposition of software in manageable modules.
⇒ *components*
- allows a clear functional specification of a module.
⇒ *interfaces*
- forces the developer to use the specification of a module.
⇒ *data hiding*
- allows replacement of a module with a minimum of effort.
⇒ *3rd party products*
- allows easy extension of the software by new modules.
⇒ *plug-in mechanism*

Middleware

CORBA, (D)COM, *Python*, ...



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Idea

```
void * module;  
string name;
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Methods

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Methods

Representative

Idea

Components with Interfaces and a PropertyMap

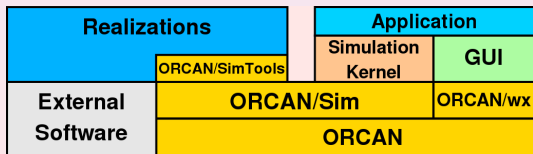
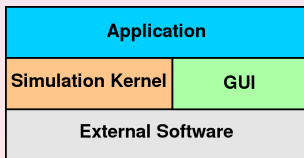
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- 1 Open Reflective Component Architecture
 - Motivation
 - **ORCAN Overview**
 - ORCAN Design

What is ORCAN?

Traits

- Collection of C++ libraries.
- Self contained.
- Middleware: Service between application modules.
- Decomposition of software complexity.

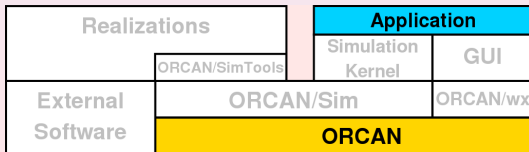


ORCAN

Specification

- Component model
(Placeholder for implementation)
- Interfaces
- Load implementation on demand

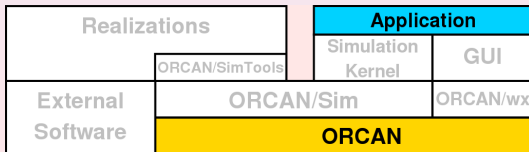
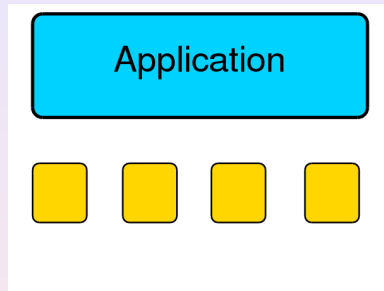
Application



ORCAN

Specification

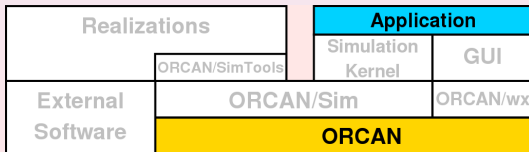
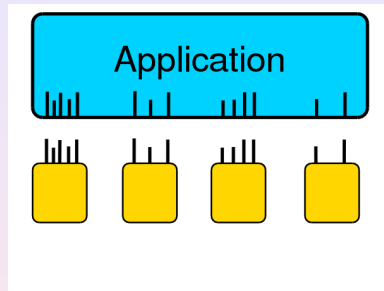
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ORCAN

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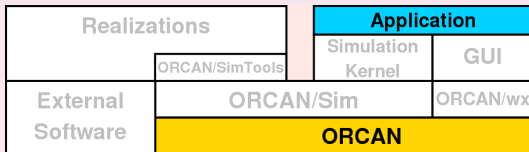
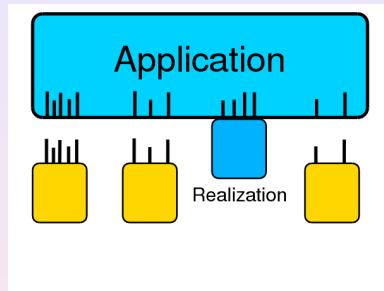
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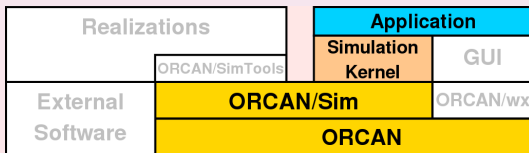
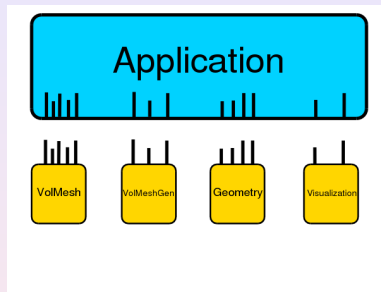
ORCAN/Sim

Specification

- Based on ORCAN.
- Simulation related components.

Example

- VolMesh
- VolMeshGen
- Geometry
- Visualization



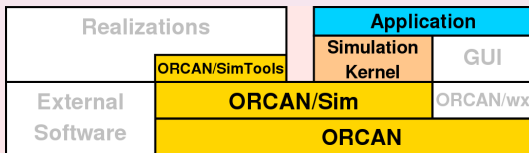
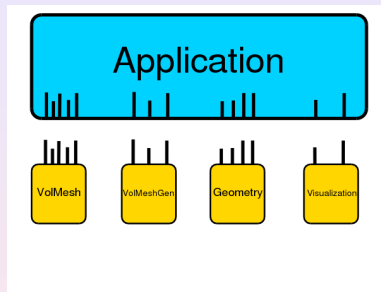
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ORCAN/SimTools

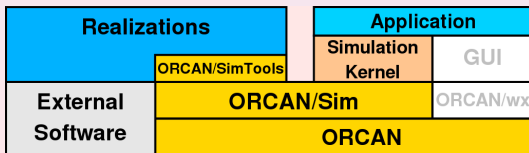
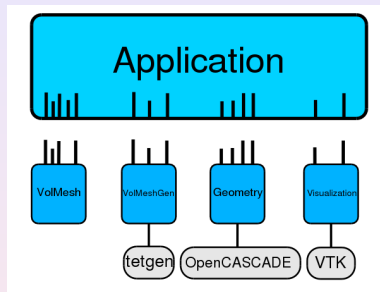
- Based on ORCAN/Sim.
- Collection of useful tools.



Realizations

Specification

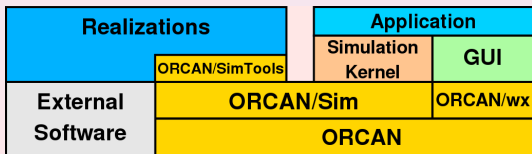
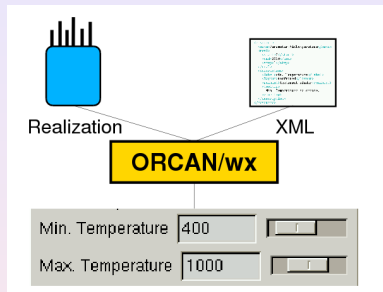
- Based on ORCAN/Sim.
- Implementation of components.
- Not all interfaces necessary.
- May use external software.
- Loaded on demand.
- Exchangeable, even at runtime.



ORCAN/wx

Specification

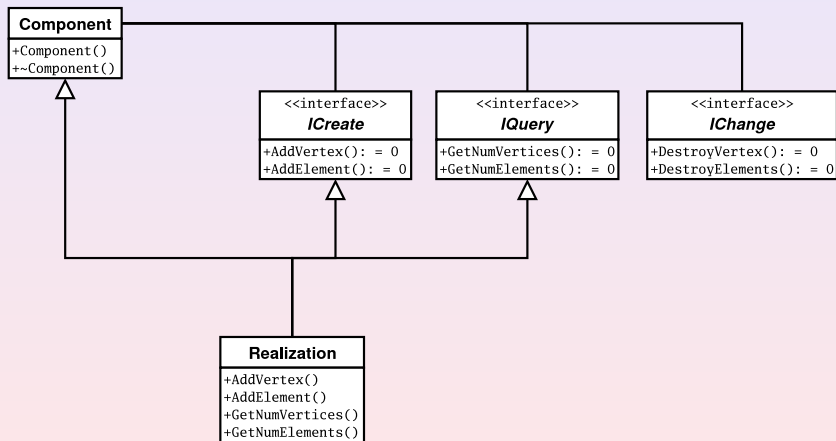
- Based on ORCAN.
- Automatic GUI generation.
- Display parameters of realization.
- XML description of GUI.
- Based on *wxWidgets*.



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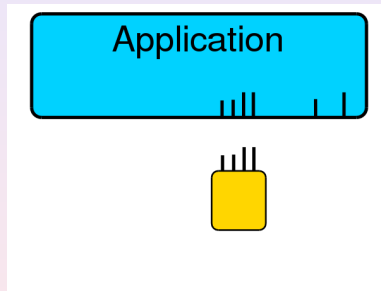
Component, Interfaces, Realization



Object Creation Process

ObjectBroker

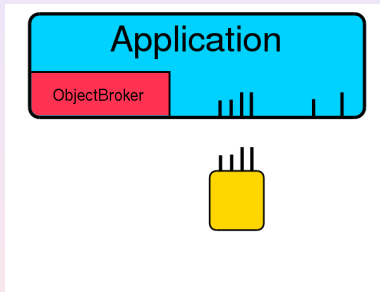
- Application needs new instance.
`VolMesh::New()`
- Calls *ObjectBroker* internally.
- Load appropriated library file.
- Instantiates realization.
- Returns reference to application.
`VolMeshRef`



Object Creation Process

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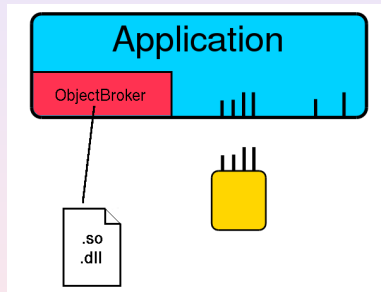
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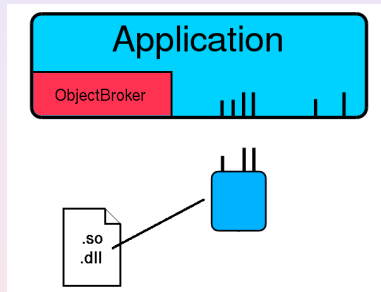
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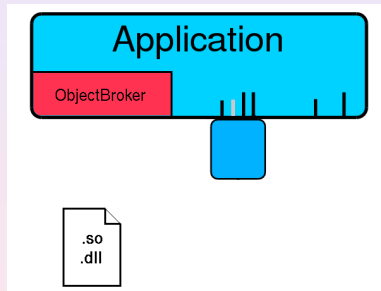
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Object Reference

- Access point to realization.
- Query and usage of component interfaces.
- Destroy of realization.

Example (Query interface)

Component with query interface IQuery:

```
VolMeshRef ref = VolMesh::New();  
if( ref && ref.I.QueryPtr ) {  
    int num = ref.I.QueryPtr->GetNumVertices();  
}  
ref.Delete();
```

Reflectivity

Problem

Realizations of the same component may have different parameters.

Example (VolMeshGen)

- Gmsh

```
float characteristic_length;  
float max_element_size;
```
- Tetgen

```
float global_max_volume;  
float min_angle;
```

Reflectivity support

Ability to query a component for its intrinsic parameters at runtime.



Reflectivity

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PropertyMap

A parameter of a realization is encapsulated in a property.

A property consists of a key/value pair:

```
string <name>,   type <value>
```

Example

"MinAngle"	(float) 15.3
"MaxVolume"	(float) 0.12
"SubdivideBdry"	(bool) true

- All properties are stored in a map: **PropertyMap**
- The property map can be queried by

```
HasProperty( )
```

```
GetProperty( )
```

ORCAN/Sim

Components for Simulation